THE MARION DAILY STAR.

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CAPITAL GOSSIP.

Some Items of Interest Gathered at Washington.

ENFORCING THE LOTTERY LAW.

An Important Arrest in Texas by Postoffice Inspectors—Land Decision—Secretary Foster Gone to New York. Trouble Feared Over Land Opening for Settlement — Other Dispatches from Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—The chief postoffice inspector has received telegrams from inspectors Maynard and Clum whom he dispatched a few days since to El Paso, Tex., that they had just arrested Nicholas Leibheimer, manager of the Mexican International Banking Company of Juarez, who lives in El Paso. The inspectors caught Liebheimer in the act of mailing a quantity of lottery letters and circulars from El Paso. A preliminary examination will be held on the 22nd instant.

In disregard of the recent anti-lottery act, this lottery has been flooding the United States with lottery literature, and in order to save postage, which is five cents on each letter if mailed in Mexico, their practice has been to mail their lottery letters and circulars in El Paso at United States rates, which is two cents. This is the same company of which Gen. John S. Mosby is the commissioner. It is believed at the postoffice department that the arrest of the United States agent of this lottery company will have a tendency to stop the wholesale mailing of interdicted matter at El Paso.

Secretary Foster Gone to New York.

WASHINGTON, April 15. — Secretary Foster, Assistant Secretary Spaulding, Solicitor Hepburn and Private Hendley left Washington at 5 o'clock yesterday for New York. The party will remain in New York during the remainder of the week. Secretary Foster and Assistant Secretary Spaulding will devote considerable time to immigration matters and on Thursday will visit the immigration station at Ellis island. It is the desire of Secretary Foster to have the new immigration law, which went into effect April 1, strictly enforced and with this end in view Superintendent Weber will be given verbal instructions as to the department's construction of its various sections. Secretary Foster will also confer about impending changes in the custom house and appraiser's office.

Land Decision.

WASHINGTON, April 15. — Assistant Secretary Chandler, of the interior department, yesterday reversed the decision of the commissioner of the general land office in the case of Silas M. Epps vs. William H. Newcomb, a homestead entry, held for cancellation, involving a tract of land in the Humboldt, Cal., land district. The decision says that the land commissioner erred when he affirmed the appeal of Newcomb, and awards the title to Epps. The assistant commissioner has affirmed the decision of the land office in the case of W. E. Olmstead vs. Alice M. Milligan, a contested timber land entry in the Humboldt district, holding that the latter is legally entitled to the land.

Monetary Disturbance.

WASHINGTON, April 15. — Assistant Treasurer Whelpley yesterday received a telegram from Boston to the effect that Boston bankers fear a monetary disturbance, if the share of Massachusetts' direct tax is paid in silver certificates. The bankers say that Maine's direct tax, amounting to $357,000, was paid in this currency and they fear that the $700,000 to which Massachusetts is entitled will also be so paid. They express a preference for gold notes. Assistant Treasurer Whelpley replied that the amount due Massachusetts would be paid in the currency most convenient to the government, and the sub-treasury at Boston will be so directed.

Land Trouble Feared.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—Commissioner Carter of the general land office has received several telegrams from residents near the lands in northern Wisconsin which will be open to homestead settlement next Saturday confirming the published statement of anticipated trouble there. The commissioner said that so far no action had been taken by him to prevent trouble, but if the case assumed a serious aspect he would take steps to carry out the law and prevent any hostile demonstrations.

Cadet Examination.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—By the direction of the secretary of war a board of medical officers have been appointed to meet at West Point, N. Y., May 1, 1891, or as soon thereafter as practicable to examine such cadets of the United States Military Academy as have been granted leave of absence until that date on account of physical disability, and to report upon their physical fitness to continue with the corps of cadets.

Military Orders.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—Procter has consented to allow Capt. Thomas Woodruff to act as aid to Gen. Ruger, commander of the division of the Pacific until the first of July. Capt. Woodruff has been Gen. Rugers aid for some time and was detached from this duty to accompany Secretary Proctor on the western trip. He was ordered to the division of the Pacific at Gen. Ruger's request.

Mrs. Halford Seriously Ill.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—Mrs. Halford, the wife of Private Secretary Halford, who recently returned to Washington from Florida in ill health, is reported seriously ill. Her friends and physicians feel much alarmed about her.

The Weather.

Fair weather; westerly winds, lower temperature.

TURKEY'S FORTIFICATIONS.

She is Prepared to Resist Any Nation but Russia—Foreign News.

LONDON, April 15.—A correspondent at Constantinople calls attention to the fact that the Turks have almost entirely neglected the Black sea approaches to Constantinople, and that, on the other hand, the Straits of the Dardanelles are being steadily fortified with heavy guns, which would be of use against any power but Russia. The correspondent adds that the autumn of the year will see concentrated on Russia's southwest frontier a Russian army sufficiently powerful to meet any eventuality which may possibly startle Europe from its present pacific slumber.

Smokeless Powder.

Captain Grierson, of the English royal artillery, who has been attending German army manœuvres for the past two years, says that the great factor which have influenced battle tactics lately are smokeless, magazine rifles, and the small calibre rifles. Captain Grierson thinks that for field artillery smokeless powder is both a boon and a curse, a boon because it gives a clear field of fire, and a course because it enormously increases the difficulty of seeing the object aimed at.

Turkey Apologizes to Austria.

The Turkish government has apologized to Austria for an outrage at Uskeb, in Albania. Several Turkish soldiers tore down the belfry of the Catholic church, and carried off the bell. Austria demanded satisfaction with the result stated. The Turks have a strong prejudice against the bells of Catholic churches, and outrages, such as that at Uskeb, used to be common in early times.

German Naval Circles Agitated.

Naval circles in Germany are agitated over the prospect that Admiral Von Der Goltz and other prominent naval officers will soon be invited to retire, leaving their places to be filled, according to the kaiser's program, by younger men. The officers whose probable retirement is the subject of discussion both in naval and military circles, are amongst the most experienced in the navy.

To Succeed Earl Granville.

The Liberals in the house of Lords have chosen Earl Kimberly their leader in place of Earl Granville, deceased. Earl Kimberly was formerly under foreign secretary.

Vienna Election.

The anti-Semetic and liberal party carried the municipal election in Vienna. Clericals were badly defeated.

Offered $500 for a Bed.

The offer of an American collector of $500 for the bed on which Napoleon died has been refused.

Russian War Vessel Stopped.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 15.—The Turkish authorities at the Dardanelles stopped a Russian war vessel from going through the straits, but upon the Russian minister protesting allowed the vessel to proceed. The treaty of Berlin prohibits warships passing the straits without Turkey's consent. The vessel in question was laden with material for constructing a trans-Siberian railroad and is bound for Vladivostock.

New Orleans Lynching in Rome.

ROME, April 15.—In the chamber of deputies yesterday the Marchese Di Rudini laid before the assembled deputies the diplomatic correspondence relating to the New Orleans dispute. Several interpellations were at once addressed to the prime minister on the subject, who proposed to postpone the discussion for a few days. This was agreed to.

Still Rioting.

LONDON, April 15.—The rioting was renewed yesterday at Breadford. About 20,000 people took part in the demonstration. They smashed the street lamps and acted in a most disorderly manner. The militia with a body of police and special constables charged and dispersed the rioters, many of whom were injured.

More Jews to Be Expelled.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 15.—The czar has determined to issue a ukase withdrawing from Jewish workmen the privilege of living outside the limits assigned to Jews, and ordering the expulsion of those who live outside the place. This will involve the expulsion of 14,000 from Moscow alone.

German Exports.

BERLIN, April 15.—The report of the United States consulate in this city shows a decrease in the exports from northern Germany to the United States for the first quarter of 1891 of $2,439,865, as compared with the exports during the corresponding period in 1890.

Hot Water-Tank Collapsed.

NEW YORK, April 15.—A hot water-tank in the yards of the Empire oil works near Newton collapsed Monday evening and severely injured Patrick Barry and Frank Bowen, who were at work repairing it. The two men were horribly scalded before they were rescued. They were taken to St. Catharine's hospital where it was said that Barry was mortally injured and that Bowen's chances for recovery were very slight. Both men are married.

Fire at Albany, New York.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 15.—At 2 o'clock this morning the first floor, occupied by A. S. Pullman, stationery, and J. Ackroyd, galvanized iron cornices and roofing, was deluged with water, both firms losing considerable. The second, third and fourth floors are occupied by the Brandow Printing company, and the upper stories are unoccupied. The building is owned by J. F. Taylor. It is impossible to estimate the loss at this hour.

Base Ball.

At Baltimore—Baltimore 2, Athletics 0.

At Washington—Washington 7, Boston 5.

At Louisville—Louisville 5, Cincinnati 3.

At St. Louis—St. Louis 5, Columbus 3.

THROUGH THE SOUTH

The President on His Western Trip.

FIRST DAY FROM WASHINGTON.

Thousands of People Turn Out at the Stations Along the Route to Pay Respect to the Chief Executive of the Nation—His Reception at Knoxville, Tennessee.

ROANOKE, Va., April 15.—The presidential train arrived at this thriving town at 8.50 o'clock yesterday morning, having made the run from Washington on exact schedule time. There were no special incidents on the route.

Fifteen minutes were spent at Lynchburg for the purpose of shifting the train from the Richmond and Danville road to the Norfolk and Western. A large crowd was gathered at the station, but there was no demonstration. This was due to the early hour, 6.45 o'clock, and the fact that the president had not arisen.

Another brief stop was made at Blue Ridge, where a crowd gathered at the station and enjoyed the spectacle of the chief magistrate of their country and his family at breakfast. The reception at Roanoke was most enthusiastic. The president shook hands with many hundred people from the rear platform, and in response to repeated demands made a short speech. The entire population of the place seemed to have gathered at the station, and as many of them as could do so embraced the chance to shake hands with the president. Mrs. Harrison was presented with a handsome bouquet by Mr. and Mrs. Eddy.

At Bristol, Tenn.

BRISTOL, Tenn., April 15.—Fully 2,000 people assembled around the depot anxious to see the chief magistrate of the United States. He was met promptly at 2 o'clock by the reception committees from Johnson City, Knoxville and Bristol. Judge H. J. Wood of this city introduced him to the immense crowd who greeted him with vociferous applause. He spoke in a clear distinct voice for about fifteen minutes, and was frequently applauded. The special train pulled out promptly at 2:30 o'clock. Postmaster General Wanamaker also made a short address.

At Knoxville Tennessee.

KNOXVILLE, Ten., April 15.—President Harrison has every reason to be gratified with his reception in Virginia and Tennessee. At nearly every hamlet along the line of the route groups of people waved handkerchiefs and hats as the train passed by. At Roaford, Va., the train halted long enough to enable a crowd of people assembled at the station to shake hands with the president, and similar demonstrations were observable as the train passed Pulaski and Abingdon.

At Bristol the train halted on the Virginia side of the station. Large crowds had gathered in and about the station and the windows of the houses in the vicinity were filled with people. The president, while the crowd cheered, was escorted to the temporary platform by the local committee and was introduced by Judge Wood, of Bristol. Here the president spoke as follows:

"My fellow citizens: I have found not only pleasure but instruction in riding through portions of the state of West Virginia that is feeling in a very striking way the impulse of new development. It is extremely gratifying to notice that those hidden sources of wealth, which were so long unobserved and so long unused, are now being found, and that these regions once so retired, occupied by pastoral people, having difficult access to the centers of population, are now being rapidly transformed into busy centers of manufacturing and commerce.

"In the early settlement of this country immigrants poured over the Alleghenies and the Blue Ridge like waters over an obstructing ledge, seeking fertile and attractive farms of the great west. They passed unobserved these marvelous hidden stores of wealth, which are now being brought into use. Having filled the great basin of the west, they are now turning back to Virginia and West Virginia and Tennessee, to bring about development and production for which the time is ripe and which will surprise the world. It has not been long since every implement of iron, domestic, agricultural and mechanical, was made for you in other states. But now Virginia and Tennessee are stirring their energies to participate in a large degree in the mechanical production and in the great awakening of American commerce and American influence which will lift the nation to an influence among the nations of the world, never before attained.

"I am glad to stand for the moment among you; glad to express my sympathy with you in every enterprise that tends to develop your state and local communities; glad to stand with you upon one common platform of respect to the constitution and law, differing in our policies as to what law should be, but pledged with a common devotion to obedience to law as the majority shall by their expressions make it. I shall carry away from here a new impulse to public duty, a new inspiration as a citizen with you of a country whose greatness is only beginning.

"May peace, prosperity and social order dwell in all your communities and the fear and love of God in every home."

The appearance of Mrs. Harrison in response to repeated calls brought out great cheers from the crowd.

At Johnson City Jonesboro and Morristown short stops were made, and at each place the president made brief speeches to the crowds that gathered at the stations.

Knoxville gave the president a royal welcome. When the train rolled into the depot about 6 o'clock, the local committeemen met the party and escorted it about the city.

At 7 o'clock the party arrived at the hotel where an immense crowd had gathered to hear the president make a promised address. When the enthusiasm that greeted his appearance subsided, the president said:

"My fellow citizens: It gives me pleasure to visit this historical city—a city that has given to the country many men who have been eminent in its councils and have brought to the nation they served and to the people who call them into public service, imperishable honor. I am glad to visit east Tennessee, the scene of that early immigration and of those early settlements by men who for vigor of intellectual strength or heart and devotion to republican principles, were among the most conspicuous of the early pioneers of the west and southwest. I am glad to know that those traditions of liberty, that deep devotion to the cause of liberty, devotion to the cause of the Union which manifested itself in the early contributions of Tennessee to the armies that went out for the defense of the homes of the north and west abides still in these valleys, and crowns with its glory and lustre every hilltop of the Alleghenies. You are feeling a material development that is interesting and pleasing to all your fellow-citizens of all states. I beg to say to you that whoever supposes that there is anywhere in the northern states any jealousy of this great material progress which the south is making wholly misconceives the friendly heart of the people of the north.

"It is my wish as I am sure it is of all with whom I associate in political life, that the streams of prosperity in the south may run bankfull: that in everything that promotes prosperity of the state security and comfort of the community and the happiness of the individual home, and your blessings may be full and unstinted. We live in a government of law. May every prosperity attend you. May this ground, made memorable by one of the most gallant assaults and by one of the most successful defences in the history of war, never again be stained by blood. But may our people, in one common love of one flag and one constitution in a common and all prevailing fealty to great principles of our government, go on to achieve in material wealth and social development in intelligence, in piety, in everything that makes a nation great and a people happy, all that the Lord has in his mind for a nation that he has conspicuously blessed."

Last night the president and Mrs. Harrison, and most of the members of the party, attended a large reception at the residence of Col. E. M. Sanford.

GENERAL SPINOLA'S DEATH.

His Remains Will Be Taken to New York for Interment.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—The death of Gen. Spinola at 1:30 yesterday morning was a surprise as he had been reported the previous day as improving. During the day he had gained somewhat in strength, and his room was changed. After 10 o'clock Monday night the general suddenly became worse. He weakened rapidly and soon became unconscious. After a period of delirium he fell into a deep sleep, during which the end came painlessly and as gently as the dropping of a leaf. Around his bedside at the hour of his death were: Mrs. Spinola, Hon. Felix McCloskey, Drs. Hamilton and Magruder and the nurse.

The remains of the general will be taken to New York on a special train over the Baltimore and Ohio road. Sergeant-at-arms Holmes, of the house, will have charge of the remains until they reach New York, where they will be taken charge of by friends and conveyed to the church of the Immaculate Conception on Fourteenth street, where they will lie in state until Thursday, when the funeral services will be held. The interment will be at Greenwood. There will be no services in this city.

Labor Troubles in Boston.

BOSTON, April 15.—There is a probability of another war between the Journeymen Freestone Cutters' union and the Progressive Freestone Cutters' union, which was supposed to have been settled when the lock-out was declared off last September. Yesterday thirteen cutters in the employ of Norcross Brothers, at work on the new public library building, struck work in preference to joining the Progressive union, and it is believed the strike will spread, and all trade unionists seriously object to the methods of the Progressive union. It is charged that the employers are trying to force the men to join the Progressive union and the Journeymen in the end to bring the matter before the mayor and the board of aldermen.

Found Dead in the Cellar.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 15.—About two weeks ago a woman whose name is unknown, moved into a store at 1204 Stockton street, and yesterday her dead body was found in the cellar underneath the store. The trap door which is the only entrance to the cellar, was covered with a heavy stove. There are no wounds on the body but the supposition is that the woman was murdered. On a photograph of the dead woman was found the name "Mrs. Belle, of Denmark." The neighbors say that on Monday the woman had a violent quarrel with a young man who visited her. The police are investigating the case.

Collieries Shut Down.

MAHANOY CITY, Pa., April 15.—Orders have been received here to suspend indefinitely all operations at the Elmwood and Schuylkill collieries which belong to the Philadelphia and Reading Coal & Iron Company. Over 800 men are thrown out of employment by the suspension.

Strange Disease Among Horses.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., April 15.—A strange fatality is affecting horses in the northwestern part of this county, and a number of farmers have suffered losses. The disease is located as an abnormal growth or swelling of the tongue or at a gland.

OHIO LEGISLATURE.

Proceedings of Both Branches of the General Assembly.

BUT LITTLE ACCOMPLISHED.

A Difference in the Australian Ballot Bill—Soldiers' Burial Law Amended. The Isaac Smith Measure Brought Up in the House—Other Ohio State News.

COLUMBUS, O., April 15.—The senate refused to concur in the house amendments to the Australian ballot bill, and a conference committee was appointed.

It has been discovered that senate joint resolution forty-three, providing for the appointment by the governor of six trustees of the Ohio Historical society, has not yet been signed, although the governor has appointed and commissioned the trustees. This action is therefore illegal.

The senate passed Davis' house bill amending the soldiers' burial law so as to extend its provisions to the indigent widows of soldiers.

The senate passed the Amos bill, making it unlawful for any insurance companies or agents to place insurance through agents outside the state.

The house spent the entire morning in the discussion of the bill extending the time in which new trials may be granted on newly-discovered evidence in capital cases. The debate rapidly assumed the character of the discussion of the Isaac Smith case, and the unfortunate prisoner found accusers and defenders on the floor. Before reaching a vote the house recessed.

In the afternoon the bill, known as the Isaac Smith bill, was defeated in the house because it lacked a constitutional vote. The vote was 52 yeas to 25 nays. It was reconsidered and will probably pass.

Senator Alexander's bill, providing for local option in counties, was ordered on the calendar for Thursday. It provides that counties by popular vote may determine whether saloons shall exist in counties or not.

Mr. Cromley's house bill to allow cattle to be shipped in Ohio and be butchered has been recommended for passage in the senate. As at present the law prohibits live cattle from being shipped into Ohio and not dressed beef, it gives Armour a monopoly, as nearly all the Ohio butchers buy dressed beef of him.

Jail Delivery Frustrated.

DAYTON, O., April 15.—A jail delivery was narrowly averted here by the confession of one of the prisoners in the scheme. Rollo Tefft, John Smalley, Frank Moore and Ed. Flynn, all sentenced to the penitentiary yesterday for burglary and larceny and horse stealing, had been sawing on the steel bars of the corridor until they had cut sixteen of them off. The cuts made by the fine saw had been filled up with soap. Rollo Tefft weakened and told the sheriff. The men were placed in the dungeon and the turnkey discharged for negligence.

Prisoner Pardoned.

COLUMBUS, O., April 15.—The governor yesterday pardoned John C. Harter, convicted in 1887 by the Jefferson county courts for murder in the second degree and sentenced to the penitentiary for life. Harter killed a man named Edward Harter in a drive at Steubenville. The deceased was under indictment for murder in the second degree, and was recognized as a dangerous person. Both were intoxicated.

New Incorporations.

COLUMBUS, O., April 15.—Articles of incorporation were filed in the office of the secretary of state yesterday as follows: The Olive Branch, Olive Branch, Henry county; the F. B. Morgan Power and Light company, Cincinnati, capital stock, $10,000, the Hollansburgh Rifle Team, Hollansburgh, Darke county; the Western Furniture company, Cincinnati, capital stock, $5,000.

Stable and Stock Burned.

GALION, O., April 15.—Fire was discovered at 3 o'clock in the stable of William H. Raymond and destroyed everything, including thirty-three cattle, twenty-eight milk cows, one fine blooded bull, valued at $300 and four calves. The entire fire loss is estimated at $1,800, no insurance. It is generally believed to be the work of some enemy.

Will Go Where He is Called.

OXFORD, O., April 15. President Ethelbert D. Warfield, of the Miami university, has accepted a call to the presidency of the Lafayette college tendered him last month.

WANTS HEAVY DAMAGES.

An Atlanta Clothing Merchant Sues a New York Firm.

NEW YORK, April 15.—Stephen A. Ryan, of Atlanta, Ga., one of the largest wholesale clothing merchants of the south, has begun proceedings against Nathan J. and Henry J. Schloss of this city in a suit for $100,000 damages for alleged conspiracy to injure his business reputation.

Mr. Ryan claims that Schloss & Company, to cover an alleged claim, attached goods he had bought elsewhere which were in transit to Georgia, and refused to release this attachment unless he furnished a $2,600 bond. The news of this action, he declares, has spread among the trade to the detriment of his credit. He attributes this action to a conspiracy to ruin his business reputation.

Such is Life in the Nation.

PARIS, Tex., April 15.—A few nights ago on the Blue river, in the Choctaw nation, a crowd of drunken men went to church and fired off their pistols and ran everyone away. One of the crowd, a negro woman, was shot and killed. The church was then burned. The officers are hunting the men.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

RIOTOUS STRIKERS.

Trouble Again Breaks Out in the Coke Region.

MOUNT PLEASANT, Pa., April 15.—Frick's coke works at Trotter, were raided yesterday afternoon. A mob of strikers threw bricks and stones through the doors and windows of the company's houses, demolishing everything possible. The first attack was made Monday night, but the mob were frightened away by the guards. One woman was seriously injured. The attack was renewed yesterday, and considerable damage was done. There are 400 ovens at Trotter, and this week thirty-five men have been working there. Additional guards have been sent to the assistance of those already on duty.

Forty-five warrants were sworn out yesterday afternoon for the apprehension of the rioters. The impression is general that the backbone of the strike has been broken. The strikers are generally in need of food and unless they secure relief promptly, there seems little doubt that there will be a stampede in the strikers' ranks very soon. This opinion was expressed yesterday by one of the labor leaders who was present at the strikers' convention at Scottdale last Saturday. There were eighty-seven men at work at Paintor yesterday.

General Superintendent Brennen said last night: "I expect to have 1,000 men at work to-morrow." One hundred and nine men were reported at work at Leisnering No. 2 yesterday, and 105 men were working at Morewood.

A mass-meeting of strikers was held at Morgans yesterday.

While the meeting was in progress the sheriffs evicted the family of Joseph Egger, master workman of the local assembly. The strikers rallied and carried Egger's goods back into the cottage. No one was injured. The strikers yesterday evening replaced the furniture of the family evicted yesterday at Summit back into the house.

REVOLT AGAINST PROHIBITION.

A Constable Brutally Assaulted by Liquor Dealers.

BURLINGTON, Iowa, April 15.—An open revolt against the prohibitory law occurred in this city Monday. A county constable named Green, who has been a searcher in connection with Squire Stahl's justice court at Mediapottis, came to Burlington and, with three deputies, began operations by searching the place of one Hirschberg.

Before he finished reading his warrant he was surrounded by an organized band of about forty well-known liquor dealers who administered a terrible beating. Green's skull was fractured, his nose broken and one eye nearly put out. His three deputies deserted him at the first blow and escaped from the crowd. Green was warned not to return on a similar errand.

Lynchers Foiled.

SOMERSET, Ky., April 15.—Brakeman James A. Cruse was shot in the leg Monday morning by a negro tramp and thief whom he had ejected from the train at Happy Hollow, in this county. The negro escaped, but was afterwards captured by Officer William Bates, of this city. When captured the negro gave his name as Will. White and his residence New Orleans. He boarded the train at Oakdale. When arrested he had a pistol in hand and another on his person and a large number of keys. When the officer arrived here with the negro the railroad men attempted to rescue the negro to lynch him, but the officer evaded them and succeeded in getting the prisoner in jail.

Wine Makers Combine.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 15. — Wine makers of the west side of Santa Clara valley have formed an association to secure better prices for their output. They will erect a cellar, winery and distillery in which they will handle the wines of members who have no facilities of their own. They will establish agencies here and in the east, and will deal directly with consumers and retailers. Similar organizations are being formed in the eastern portion of the valley. Delegates have been appointed to visit other wine sections and urge the vineyardists to organize. The meeting will be held at Cupertino next Thursday to perfect plans for disposing of the coming vintage.

Columbian Exposition President.

CHICAGO, April 15.—William T. Baker, of the board of trade firm of William T. Baker & Company, was unanimously elected president of the world's Columbian exposition last night to succeed Lyman J. Gage. Mr. James W. Scott, publisher of The Herald, who had previously been tendered the nomination, renewed his statement to the committee on nominations yesterday afternoon that he would be compelled decline the office even if elected.

Counting Chicago's Vote.

CHICAGO, April 15. — Eight more wards were completed yesterday in the official canvass of the votes cast in the recent municipal election. Creiger suffered a loss of 87 by yesterday's count and Hempstead Washburn a loss of 10. Cregier's net loss to date is 101. Mayor Cregier's friends claim his election by a plurality of 130.

A GHASTLY SIGHT.

Dead Bodies for a Potter's Field Dumped in the Public Highway.

CHICAGO, April 15.—John J. Neale, janitor of the Chicago medical college, and John Woolenbrough, his assistant, started from the college for the Potter's field yesterday with a wagon load of bodies in various stages of decomposition and dismemberment. The roads are in bad condition, and the wagon got stuck in the mud near the corner of Diversity street and Ashland avenue. The men dumped the load in the street and drove back to the college.

The sight was a ghastly one. There were some headless trunks in one heap, and feet and heads were lying scattered around in various directions. A crowd of 2,000 men congregated on the spot and the police soon arrived on the scene. Several citizens and officers followed the trail of the wagon and the men were arrested. The indignation of the crowd ran high, and for a while it was feared that violence would be done to the prisoners, but they were safely conducted to police headquarters.

Mangled in a Tunnel.

NEW YORK, April 15.—The body of a man, crushed and mangled was found lying on the tracks of the New York Central and Hudson River railroad in the tunnel, between Fifty-fourth and Fifty-fifth street, yesterday morning. He had been run over by a train. His clothing indicated poverty. It is supposed that he was homeless and went into the tunnel to sleep. There were no papers or other clews to the man's identity found on his person. The body was removed to the morgue.

Attorney Grant's Report.

NEW ORLEANS, April 15.—United States District Attorney William Grant, who some days ago was intrusted by the attorney general at Washington with the important work of gathering information and compiling a report touching the recent uprising in New Orleans, says, in answer to inquiries regarding the subject, that he expected to be able to forward his report to Washington by the latter part of the present week.

Cattle Sheds Burned.

PITTSBURG, April 15.—One hundred and thirty-seven head of cattle and three acres of the sheds at the East Liberty stock yards were destroyed by fire at an early hour yesterday morning. The origin of the fire is unknown. The loss will not exceed $22,000, of which $15,000 is credited to the sheds, property of the Pennsylvania railroad, and the rest to cattle. The cattle stampeded and rushed into the flames.

Found Dead in Bed.

NEW YORK, April 15.—Capt. George H. McKenzie, the famous chess player, was found dead in bed at the Cooper Union hotel yesterday evening. Heart disease is supposed to have caused his death.

Call Men in the Majority.

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., April 15.—The Call men captured the Democratic caucus last night, carrying all their points by 58 to 43.

Everybody Knows

That at this season the blood is filled with impurities, the accumulation of months of close confinement in poorly ventilated stores, workshops and tenements. All these impurities and every trace of scrofula, salt rheum, or other diseases may be expelled by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, the best blood purifier ever produced. It is the only medicine of which "100 doses one dollar" is true.

How's Your Liver?

Is the Oriental salutation, knowing that good health cannot exist without a healthy Liver. When the Liver is torpid the Bowels are sluggish and constipated, the food lies in the stomach undigested, poisoning the blood; frequent headache ensues; a feeling of lassitude, despondency and nervousness indicate how the whole system is deranged. Simmons Liver Regulator has been the means of restoring more people to health and happiness by giving them a healthy Liver than any agency known on earth. It acts with extraordinary power and efficacy.

NEVER BEEN DISAPPOINTED.

As a general family remedy for Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Constipation, etc., I hardly ever use anything else, and have never been disappointed in the effect produced; it seems to be almost a perfect cure for all diseases of the Stomach and Bowels.

W. J. McElroy, Macon, Ga.

NO BLOW, NO BLUSTER!
BUT STRAIGHT, HONEST FACTS.
We Quote a Few Prices as Specimens of the Whole:

MEN'S SUITS.

$2.25 buys a strong, respectable looking suit. $8.00—We have 100 suits at that price, they would be called cheap at $10. Black Cheviots, Worsteds, light and dark colored Cassimeres are the styles they come in. $13.00—The price of some very fine, pure Worsted Wool and good weight, Dress Suits. Don't miss seeing our high-grade suits from $15.00 to $22.00.

JUVENILE SUITS.

WE do not wish to talk on 98c, $1.10, $1.45 and $1.75 Suits, we will only say that they are GOOD FOR THE MONEY and we have them if you want them. $2.50 is the price of a pretty little Black Cheviot Suit, a good wearer and stylish. $3.25—A low price, but a good suit, durable in color and neat, they are all wool and come in several patterns.

MEN'S PANTS.

75C secures a good, stout Cottonade or Jeans Pants. $1.25 buys a pair of trousers that look as if they cost $5.00. $2.50 a splendid medium grade cassimere pants, just the thing for a business man. You can pick out of many different patterns. $4.50 and $5.00 are the prices of a range that includes all the novelties of the season in tailor-made pants.

FURNISHING GOODS.

4 PAIRS of heavy seamless socks for 25c. 25c—Nice pattern of both boys' and men's Outing Flannel Shirts. 60c buys a fast black Sateen Shirt; everybody wears them. 25c a nice quality INDIA GAUZE UNDERSHIRT. 25c Bleached Drilling Drawers. 50c a Gents' Night Shirt, GOOD MUSLIN and NICELY TRIMMED. 50c for Overalls worth 75c.

KLEINMAIER BROS.,
Strictly One Price.

The Marion Daily Star.

Published Every Evening Except Sunday
—BY—
W. G. HARDING.

TERMS:
Delivered by Carrier,.....10 Cts. per Week
By Mail,.......... $4 per Year, In Advance

WEDNESDAY, - - APRIL 15.

WE assume that the council repudiated the printing bills Tuesday evening out of sincere motives and a desire to economize, notwithstanding the leader in the matter and several of the members have protested all along against letting the city printing by contract, a step that would be the beginning of a business-like and economical era in public printing. We do insist, however, that the council has done a questionable thing. A resolution goes on the ordinance books directing that all advertising be left to the clerk, that official handles the business as seemed best, the bills come in and the council says its resolution is a fraud and dodges behind a statute to repudiate the bills. The better plan, it would seem, would have been to pay the bills that have come in a natural and authorized way, carry out the contract that the council itself made, and then begin the reform at the bottom, instead of knifing the publishers after the work is done; as it is the thing savors of economy at the expense of certain publishers.

We take no issue with the council on the extravagant cost of public printing. By this we do not mean that any newspaper has been charging more than the law allows, but we do mean that it was never intended that cities of Marion's size should pay papers of the circulation of any here the maximum price named in the legal compensation. To be plain there is no sense in an advertisement in Marion costing one dollar per legal square. The law never intended such a thing, and today cities of five, ten and twenty times Marion's size are getting their legal advertising done by contract at less than half the rate that Marion has always paid. Last year, aside from the $400 repudiated Wednesday night, the city of Marion might have saved more than $700 in its legal advertising. But the same council that repudiates its authorized bills said no to any effort to make the saving. Didn't want to economize then. Printing belonged to spoils, the cost was not to be considered. "None of that for us," said the council, and the gentleman who was so sincere in sustaining the repudiation was the most active in opposing the possible saving for fear there might be a "slop bucket" bid. Thus the matter went, but at the end of the year, when the bills are unusually large we suddenly find the members, like the Spartans at Thermopylæ, ready to fight to the last against the invading army of unofficial publishers.

We favor economy but are opposed now and always to repudiation.

ITALY fooled herself when she tried a bluff on Uncle Sam. The president and cabinet are absolutely unannoyed and treat the blustering Italian government with a silence that must be confounded irritating. And still macaroni and "de peanut" go on in a friendly way making dyspepsia for the nation.

THE presence of industrious tax inquisitors in Marion is making a few nervous individuals. It would be the proper thing, in making returns to the assessors, to do it in a way that would make the business of tax inquisitors unprofitable. This is a good month to begin.

THERE is the sensational story that seventeen of the Ohio legislators are under indictments for gambling. We are not surprised at the statesmen gambling, but it is the wonder of the country how they can do it and last so long on the salary that they draw.

COLUMBUS wants the two big state conventions this year. The only advantage of the Capital City is the central location, so Columbus is hardly in it this year.

THE STAR doesn't care to grab the hot end of a poker and attempt to find fault with the council for its efforts to economize, even at the expense of the newspapers. Of course we would rather the economizing should be properly done than to repudiate bills that are earned under official direction, but that doesn't count now. The $193.50 that the STAR has failed to collect will not grieve us, but since that sum has been saved, and more, too, it might be dedicated to a monument to the achievements during the history of the retiring council. Let the four sides of the towering shaft be inscribed respectively, first to the board of trade's ostracism of the newspapers, second to the Rawlings bill that is to boom manufacturing, third to economy—suddenly determined and vigorously executed, and lastly to reform. All hail, economy and reform! Let us banish our tears as we gaze upon a glorious municipal futurity.

WE can't properly handle $193.50 worth of words, of the proper temperature, in today's issue. Let the citizens rejoice, however, that the retiring council, at the last session in its career, declared for economy. Funny, but encouraging.

KENTUCKY has a new constitution. It will be in order now for Kentucky to volunteer a testimonial for the liver regulator or sarsaparilla that did the business. Come to think of it, though, Kentucky takes her's straight.

A SPECIAL dispatch from Washington announces the death of Mrs. Elijah W. Halford, the estimable wife of the President's able private secretary, of consumption.

LIGHT AND AIRY.

The Unattainable.

Tom's album was filled with the pictures of belles
Who had captured his manly heart,
From the fairy who danced for the front row swells
To the maiden who tooled her cart;
But one face as fair as a cloudless dawn
Caught my eye, and I said "Who's this?"
"Oh, that," he replied, with a skillful yawn,
"Is the girl I couldn't kiss."

Her face was the best in the book, no doubt,
But I hastily turned the leaf,
For my friend had let his cigar go out,
And I knew I had bared his grief;
For caresses we win and smiles we gain
Yield only a transient bliss,
And we're all of us prone to sigh in vain
For "the girl we couldn't kiss."
—Harry Romaine in Life.

The Barber Was Out.

He was waiting for his turn in a Grand River avenue barber shop, and he quietly remarked to the barber that he had been out in the Indian country.

"Yes. Huntin' rabbits, I suppose!" replied the barber, seemingly not the least interested.

"Rabbits! No, sir—Indians!"

"Oh! Find any?"

"Of course I did! I was all through the late troubles at Pine Ridge."

"Yes. Get frostbitten?"

"Frost bitten! Why, hang it, I was wounded in three places!"

"Gun go off accidentally?"

"No, it didn't! What sort of a man are you, anyhow?"

"Beg pardon, but can they raise artichokes out there?"

"Arti-Halifax! Why don't you ask how many Indians I killed at Wounded Knee?"

"Anybody wounded in the knee out there?" asked the barber, as he reached for the water bottle. "Bad place to be wounded in. I broke my kneecap once. Next!"

"Not by a jugfull!" exclaimed the waiting man as he reached for his overcoat. "I was intending to have a haircut, shave and get my whiskers dyed, but you are not the man to do it! I'll go to some shop where they know something and have gumption enough to draw a feller out!"—Detroit Free Press.

Too Abrupt.

"Is Mr. Blank in?" he asked of the occupant of an office on Fort street west.

"I am Mr. Blank," was the prompt reply.

The man looked him over, shifted about uneasily, and as he had nothing to say the other queried:

"What did you want?"

"Well, sir—well—"

"What is it?"

"I'm flustrated, sir, and you must give me time."

"You asked for Blank. I am Blank. Now what is it?"

"Why, sir, I came in expecting to find you out and your clerk in, and I was going to sit down and talk with him and wait for an hour or so, and when you came in I was going to strike you—you"——

"For a quarter."

"Yes, sir; but owing to the sudden abruptness of this occasion, rather throwing me off my equilibrium, I'll"——

"Take a dime. Here it is."

"Thanks, sir. It's a great consolation in these awful times to find a man who can read human nature and appreciate an honest man."—Detroit Free Press.

THE ANGLER'S DELIGHT.

THERE'S NO FISH GAMIER THAN THE BASS.

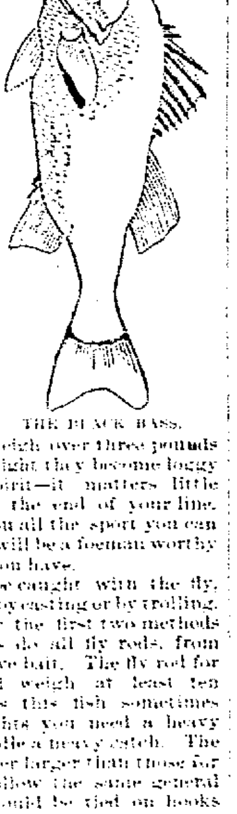
Here's a Letter About This Lively Inhabitant of the Waters by a Man Who Knows What He Is Talking About. The Bass a "Native American."

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, April 13.—Were it possible for a fisherman, when duly armed with rod, reel, creel and landing net, to allow any subject but that of fish to fill his mind; were he not superior to all of the so called emotions, he might, when looking at a black bass lying before him in beauty and pride, patriotically reflect that the fish is native to America. True, it may be found now in Europe, as the result of that science which can transplant a fish as easily as a potato, but originally it belonged to us, and in itself constitutes one of the treasures of this western continent. The range of the black bass was originally wide enough. With the exception of the Atlantic seaboard and the New England states, it swam in waters from Canada on the north to Mexico on the south and as far west as the Rocky mountains. At the present time there is no portion of the country in which it may not be found.

No fish has been known by more names. Scientifically he is burdened with two—Micropterus dolomieu, for the small mouth, and Micropterus salmoides, for the large—but those who love him, and these are they who have fought him fairly and won, never even dream of him under such titles. He is popularly known as bass—black bass, green bass, yellow bass, river bass, bayou bass, slough bass, lake bass, moss bass, grass bass, Oswego bass, perch, black perch, yellow perch, trout perch, jumping perch, Welshman, salmon, trout, black trout, white trout, chub, southern chub and Roanoke chub. There are, however, but two varieties of the fish—the big and little mouth. The coloring, which is wonderfully different in different waters, is purely the result of local causes.

He is a handsome fish. It would be useless to describe him here, for every fisherman has at least seen him and is familiar with his lines. The underhung jaw, the heavy shoulders, the fine run and the broad tail, which drives him at such lightning speed when there is a minnow in sight, have been looked at and admired often enough.



THE BLACK BASS.

But what no one knows save the man who has fished for and caught the black bass is that the graceful body is as full of fight as the most savage trout that ever took fly. It is popularly believed among fishermen that the small mouth is the better fighter. I cannot say I have been personally able to notice this. I have had just as hard a time with a two pound nine ounce big mouth as ever I had with one of his cousins, and as the fish in question fought me for over thirty-seven minutes he won the right to be spoken of with respect. So long as the fish do not weigh over three pounds —for above that weight they become loggy and lose their spirit—it matters little which you have on the end of your line. Either will give you all the sport you can ask for, and either will be a foeman worthy of the best tackle you have.

Black bass may be caught with the fly, with the minnow, by casting or by trolling. The rods used for the first two methods differ, of course, as do all fly rods, from those for casting live bait. The fly rod for black bass should weigh at least ten ounces, because as this fish sometimes runs to great weights you need a heavy enough rod to handle a heavy catch. The flies should be rather larger than those for trout, but may follow the same general coloring. They should be tied on hooks with double guts. Generally speaking, the black, brown, yellow, red and gray hackles will kill in any water. Of the winged flies, which are, as a rule, not as good as the hackles, the best are the Professor, the Coachman, the Ibis, the Quaker and the Grizzly King. Of course your fly book will have a [illegible] or two, and at least one bumblebee will not be out of place.

For casting live bait the rod should be moderately stiff, with ash butt and lancewood above it. It should not be more than eight feet long. The reel should be a multiplier for use in casting, and the braided silk line may not be improved on. The leader must be made of the very best silkworm gut, round and true at every point and reasonably heavy. Remember that a fighting black bass, when he gets thoroughly waked up, is going to put every inch of the tackle to the test before he gets through, and as he may take your leader into the weeds, as he certainly will if he gets a chance, you must have everything strong and good.

It is as [illegible] to describe live bait casting as it is to teach a man to cast flies by written words. I know of but one piece of advice to give in case a man has never tried it. Cast! You won't cast right, and there will be a back lash in the reel that will snarl everything. Never mind; cast away, and in time you will learn the mystery.

The black bass in the season is very susceptible of the lure offered by the spoon when trolling. But you can heighten the enjoyment by using a minnow, as then lighter tackle may be employed and there is some chance for play. In fastening the minnow on pass the hook down and out of one of the gills, and then hook it carefully through the broad part of the back, avoiding the bone. If this be done properly the bait will spin well and will almost certainly be taken, providing there is a fish within view of it.

A necessary part of the equipment is a landing net of good size. This is particularly useful when you are fishing from a boat, for the black bass always seem to reserve enough strength to enable them to make those final dashes which are often so destructive to tackle, particularly when they dart under the boat itself and thus get a purchase on the line.

From the results already observed it has been settled that no fish pays better for transplanting or hatching than the black bass. He is hardy and grows rapidly, he can take care of himself in any water and against any other fish, and he increases rapidly, being very prolific. Stocking a lake, therefore, means increased value for the land around it, as fishermen are never slow in coming to where they can get the black bass.

No fish in the world will give more sport than the black bass. He fights as long as there is strength in him, nor is it an unequal fight either. His habit of taking to the weeds or, if he can find them, to the sunken logs, will often result in the broken tackle coming home, greatly to the fisherman's disgust. But if you have patience and skill you shall win, finding your reward for your hard work in the consciousness of triumph over such a gallant foe. Nor is the result when he is cooked and placed before you on the table to be despised. The flesh is somewhat coarse, but it is very sweet, and we all know the sauce supplied by the work of catching the food before it is eaten.

ALFRED BALCH.

SOME BARNUM JOKES.

Episodes in Which the Showman Was Either Victim or Victimizer.

[Special Correspondence.]

BRIDGEPORT, April 13.—During Mr. Barnum's long career he was a victim, or victimized many people with innocent practical jokes. He had the faculty of discerning humor where humor existed, and was able to tell a good story to advantage.

One day, while Barnum was running the American museum, Mr. Lewis Gaylord Clark, then editor of a prominent magazine, called in to pay him a visit. Barnum was anxious for a puff and showed the editor about himself. Barnum endeavored to guide Clark past a room where there was an exhibition of "Niagara Falls, with real water," which he feared would not strike the visitor favorably. But Clark insisted on going into that particular room, and after gazing on the cataract a while he said:

"Well, Barnum, I declare this is quite a new idea; I never saw anything like it before."

Barnum took courage.

"And I hope," he added, "I never shall again."

Some months after Clark went into the Museum and asked Barnum if he had the club with which Captain Cook was killed. Barnum told him that he had the club, with documents to prove its identity, and showed him a bludgeon.

"Poor Cook!" said Clark. "Well, Barnum, I am much obliged. I was quite sure you could accommodate me. I've been in half a dozen smaller museums, and they all had it, so I was quite sure a large establishment like yours wouldn't be without it."

Barnum regarded it incumbent upon him to get even with the waggish editor. A few weeks later he wrote him that he would like to consult him on a matter of importance. Clark went to Barnum's office, and Barnum said to him:

"Now, I don't want any nonsense. I want your sober advice."

Then Barnum told him of a wonderful fish of the Nile which had been offered him for exhibition, the owner being willing to forfeit $5,000 if within six weeks the fish didn't pass through a transformation in which the tail would disappear and the fish would have legs.

"Is it possible!" said Clark.

Barnum assured him that there could be no doubt of it, but that he didn't like the fish's name.

"What is it?" asked Clark.

"Tadpole," replied Barnum, "but vulgarly called pollywog."

"Sold, by thunder!" exclaimed Clark, and got away as soon as possible.

Mr. Barnum once came very near being ridden on a rail. He was quite a young man and was traveling in partnership with Aaron Turner. At Annapolis Mr. Turner played a practical joke on his partner, which might have resulted seriously. They arrived on Saturday night and Barnum bought a new suit of black clothes. On Sunday morning he put it on and was strolling about when Turner saw him. He called the attention of several persons about him to the young man in the black suit and said:

"I think it singular that you permit that rascal to walk your streets in open day. It wouldn't be permitted in Rhode Island, and that is the reason, I suppose, why the black coated villain is here."

"Who is he?" [illegible]

"Don't you know [illegible] the Rev. E. K. Avery, the [illegible]"

"Is it possible [illegible] starting to the [illegible] of a Miss Cornell by Avery [illegible] in their minds.

Suddenly Barnum [illegible] about his ears: "The [illegible]" "The black coated villain!" "Lynch him!" "Tar and feather him!" while [illegible] men came up carrying a rail.

"Come, old chap," said one, "straddle the rail."

"Good heavens!" exclaimed the showman, "what have I done?"

"We know you. You needn't roll your sanctimonious eyes. Come, straddle the rail!"

Barnum begged them not to kill him, but to tell him what he had done.

"It's no use, Mr. Avery, we know you."

"My name is not Avery, gentlemen. You are mistaken!" cried the showman in terror.

Then it flashed upon Barnum that Turner was responsible, and with great effort he finally induced them to believe him. They took him to Turner, whom he begged to explain. Turner exploded with laughter, and told them that perhaps he was mistaken.

Barnum's life was full of these episodes. At that time there was a passion for practical jokes in America, and they were carried to an extent that would scarcely be tolerated at the present day, but Barnum always seemed to get the best of it in the end, and had a tongue capable of turning the laugh in his favor at any time.

Local Types in the United States.

There is no other nation whose individual units change places so often or mingle and reorganize new groups so frequently as the Americans, and well for us that it is so. Yet, in spite of it, local types are becoming very marked and local peculiarities fixed. The little darkies in Baltimore recognize the "eastern shore darky" at sight, though a visiting white man can see no difference whatever, and even the street gamins in New York can point out the new man from a remote village. Similarly in the capital of Mississippi they know the "man from the swamp" (meaning the Yazoo district) at sight, and in an Illinois or Indiana state convention experienced reporters can often tell what part of the state a new delegate is from as soon as he addresses the chair. Why is it? Are climate and surroundings changing us all so rapidly as that?

A novel method for quieting the nerves is that of pressing the fingers on each side of the neck below the ear, thus constricting the blood vessels which convey their load to the active brain. Another way is to knot a towel so that the knots compress these veins below the ear. Rest the head in an easy and comfortable position and sleep will soon visit you.

Esthetic, but Resigned.

"I have nothing in the shape of old clothes to give you," said the West side lady, "except this necktie."

The dilapidated tourist took it in his hand and inspected it critically.

"It doesn't harmonize with the waistcoat I got at the house across the way," he said, as a shade of ineffable sadness crossed his face, "and probably will not look well with the pair of unmentionables I expect to get at the house on the corner, but there are some walks in life in which it is impracticable for one to indulge in the hope of realizing one's ideal, and it is one of the unvarying rules of my life to submit with becoming cheerfulness to the inevitable. I have the honor, madam, to wish you a good afternoon."

With a profound bow and a heavy sigh he rolled up the necktie, thrust it into one of the hind pockets of what had once been a frock coat, and went sadly away toward the house on the corner.—Chicago Tribune.

An Objection.

Rose (on the divan)—I think I'll say yes. It is better to marry a man you respect than one you adore.

Dolly—But it's so much easier to love men than to respect them.—Life.

He Was Taught.

We were waiting for the down train to Harlem bridge at Bartow station. Among those who had come over across country on the horse car was an Englishman—a very heavy, muscular fellow, who really was the most dead-and-alive man that ever lived so dead. He stood with his toes turned in, and somebody remarked that he was too lazy to lift his feet up and turn his toes out. His eyes were nearly closed, and his big sledge hammer fists were deep in his trousers pockets.

There was in the party one of those curious gentlemen known as practical jokers, because their jokes are not practical, but idiotic and wholly theoretical. It wasn't long before this gentleman turned his attention to the heavy Englishman.

"Watch me now and I'll show you a great joke on the duffer," he whispered as he crept up behind the Englishman.

Then he took a match from his pocket, lit it softly, and placed it beneath the fringe on the British trousers and set fire to them. After which he stood off and enjoyed it. The trousers burned well. After a while the Englishman turned about and noticed that the practical joker was amused. Then he looked at his trousers, and without much excitement managed to put the fire out. He then walked over to the joker, took him by the collar and kicked him into the ditch. When he got out the Englishman kicked him back again. When the joker crawled out the second time and splashed the water out of his coat tails he remarked with wounded pride:

"I always heard those Englishmen never could see a joke. Never believed it before, but I've got to believe it now."—New York Evening Sun.

Not "An Original Belief."

Rosamond—I [illegible] see how people can call that [illegible].

Bertha—[illegible] that's because it's been [illegible].—Munsey's Weekly.

Another Way.

[illegible]
[illegible]
And at the [illegible] perhaps,
He'll measure it once more.
—Cloak Review.

Over the Fence Is Out.

[illegible], Tex., April 1[illegible].—A severe rain and wind storm visited this section of the country and did considerable damage to wheat, corn and fruit trees. Near [illegible], Bud Finley and a lady were blown from a buggy. Finley was carried by the wind to a barb wire fence and was painfully hurt. The lady was blown over the fence and escaped serious injury.

Europe's Curse.

[illegible] epidemic in America. All [illegible] No [illegible] the ravages of this terrible [illegible]. [illegible] greater than ever [illegible] the history of the world. [illegible] discovered by scientists to [illegible].

[illegible] have been reported by the [illegible] and [illegible] with [illegible] found in patients [illegible] with the [illegible], and found to [illegible] the same. After carefully experimenting with various chemicals to find [illegible] destroy the microbe [illegible] without injury to the patient a few drops of Persian Cough Syrup was placed upon the microbe and [illegible]. Upon the first approach of this disease you have a tired feeling, then headache sets in, followed by dull pains in the back and loins, eyes glazed and nostrils sore, a chilly sensation then makes its appearance and a high fever follows. At this critical period don't trifle with what you may think is only a slight cold. Nature sounds the warning, then give heed at once or pneumonia sets in and life is endangered. It is simply the part of wisdom to respect nature's warning and give assistance at once.

This scientific preparation having been the first and only one yet discovered that will destroy microbe germ life should be kept at hand and upon the first approach a few doses of Persian Cough Syrup will dispel it as if by magic and a single bottle always a cure.

Sold by D. M. Oliffer & Co., L. Denison & Co., J. W. Headley, W. B. Fope and H. C. Hoberman & Co.

A churchman thinks that as long as fashionable society dancing continues, the devil will not be very much alarmed about his future business prospects.

Little Judah, the eight year old daughter of Mr. Mathereux, of the Inland Christian Advocate, Des Moines, Iowa, on learning that her special playmate, a child of her own age, had taken the whooping cough, took a bottle of medicine which had cured her of a troublesome cough, and went over and said: "You must take this medicine; it will do you good." Mr. Mathereux was curious as to the result and on making inquiry learned that the little patient, who had been unable to rest at night, had been greatly relieved in that respect. The coughing spells were less frequent, less severe [illegible]. The cough, under the genial action of this admirable remedy, was loosened. The medicine liquifies the mucus and enables the sufferer to throw it off. The attack in the beginning gave every evidence of being a severe attack of whooping cough. Indeed it was a genuine case; but this preparation, while perhaps it may not be a positive cure for the disease is undoubtedly able to alleviate it. If it does not cure it, it will give unquestioned relief. The medicine referred to is Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. For sale by Flocken, the druggist.

A B[illegible] paper says the difference between a man and woman washing their face is that all men rub up and down and snort. All women apply the water and stroke gently downward.

Startling Facts.

The American people are rapidly becoming a race of nervous wrecks, and the following suggests the best remedy: Alphonso Hempfling, of Butler, Pa., swears that when his son was speechless from St. Vitus dance Dr. Miles' great Restorative Nervine cured him. Mrs. J. R. Miller, of Valparaiso, and J. D. Taylor, of Logansport, Ind., each gained 20 pounds from taking it. Mrs. H. A. Gardner, of Vistula, Ind., was cured of 40 to 50 convulsions a day, and much headache, dizziness, backache and nervous prostration by one bottle. Trial bottles, and fine book of marvelous cures, free at Denison & Co. and Hoberman & Co. who recommends and guarantees this unequaled remedy.

This little unpleasant paragraph is going the rounds: There are thousands of men who would do brave things in an emergency, who make their wives get up every morning and kindle a fire.

LaGrippe Again.

During the epidemic of LaGrippe last season Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, proved to be the best remedy. Reports from the many who used it confirm this statement. They were not only quickly relieved, but the disease left no bad after results. We ask you to give this remedy a trial and we guarantee that you will be satisfied with results, or the purchase price will be refunded. It has no equal in La Grippe, or any Throat, Chest or Lung Trouble. Trial bottles free at Flocken's Drug Store. Large bottles, 50 cents and $1.00.

As a Washington paper represents it, the trees will begin to get their spring clothes out of their trunks before long and cover their bare limbs with them.

Sudden Deaths.

Heart disease is by far the most frequent cause of sudden death, which in three out of four cases is unsuspected. The symptoms are not generally understood. These are: a habit of lying on the right side, short breath, pain or distress in side, back or shoulder, irregular pulse, asthma, weak and hungry spells, wind in stomach, swelling of ankles or dropsy, oppression, dry cough and smothering. Dr. Miles' illustrated book on heart disease at Denison & Co. and Hoberman & Co., who sell and guarantee Dr. Miles' unequaled New Heart Cure, and his Restorative Nervine, which cures nervousness, headache, sleeplessness, effects of drinking, etc. It contains no opiates.

We have seen the statement that the farmer who undertakes to earn his bread by the sweat of his hired man's brow, had better make up his mind to do without pie.

Small-Pox.

"A member of my family was taken down with the small pox. I immediately commenced to use Darbys Prophylactic Fluid. It kept the atmosphere of the room pure and fresh. The patient was greatly relieved, and never for a moment delirious; was not pitted, and was about the house again in three weeks, and no others had it."—JAMES W. PARKINSON, Ed. "The Caterer," Phila., Pa.

It is stated on authority that the man who can drink whisky a whole lifetime without being hurt by it is very apt to not be much account for anything else.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Flocken.

It is said [illegible] the post office [illegible] Was [illegible] that stamps [illegible]. Many people have received a similar [illegible] [illegible] Cheap Post.

Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills.

[illegible]

Sold at Denison & Co. and Hoberman & Co.

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm. Timmons, postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best Kidney and Liver medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50 cents a bottle, at Flocken's Drug Store.

A newspaper suggests that the Chicago [illegible] who has captured what he thinks is a yellow [illegible] with seven stripes around its body [illegible] the fortunate possessor of the first [illegible] of spring.

HOOD'S
COMPOUND EXTRACT
SARSAPARILLA
TRADE MARK

The importance of purifying the blood cannot be overestimated, for without pure blood you cannot enjoy good health.

At this season nearly every one needs a good medicine to purify, vitalize, and enrich the blood, and we ask you to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. It strengthens and builds up the system, creates an appetite, and tones the digestion, while it eradicates disease. The peculiar combination, proportion, and preparation of the vegetable remedies used give to Hood's Sarsaparilla peculiar curative powers. No other medicine has such a record of wonderful cures. If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other instead. It is a Peculiar Medicine, and is worthy your confidence.

Peculiar
To Itself

Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

HUMPHREYS'

DR. HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS are scientifically and carefully prepared prescriptions; used for many years in private practice with success, and for over thirty years used by the people. Every single Specific is a special cure for the disease named.

These Specifics cure without drugging, purging or reducing the system, and are in fact and deed the sovereign remedies of the World.

LIST OF PRINCIPAL NOS.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammation...	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic...	.25
3	Crying Colic, or Teething of Infants	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults....	.25
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7	Coughs, Cold, Bronchitis..........	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache....	.25
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10	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach........	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods.	.25
12	Whites, too Profuse Periods........	.25
13	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing....	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions.	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains....	.25
16	Fever and Ague, Chills, Malaria....	.50
17	Piles, Blind or Bleeding........	.50
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.50
20	Whooping Cough, Violent Coughs.	.50
24	General Debility, Physical Weakness	.50
27	Kidney Disease..................	.50
28	Nervous Debility................	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed.	.50
32	Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation	1.00

Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price. DR. HUMPHREYS' MANUAL (144 pages) richly bound in cloth and gold, mailed free.
HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO.,
Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

SPECIFICS.

OSWI CATARRH REMEDY

Do not allow Catarrh in the head to continue its course unchecked and unchecked, as it affects the throat, bronchial tubes and lungs, and is liable to develop into bronchitis and consumption, that most dreaded destroyer of human life. OSWI CATARRH REMEDY will cure you. Instant relief is obtained. It is soothing, antiseptic, cleansing and healing, and no injury to the system will result from its use. COLD IN THE HEAD is cured with a few applications. CATARRHAL HEADACHE is relieved and quickly cured. It removes offensive breath, loss or impairment of the sense of taste, smell, or hearing, roaring in the head, watering or weak eyes. Catarrh of the Head and Throat is a local disease and therefore can be cured only by local application of OSWI CATARRH REMEDY. The great value of this remedy for Catarrh is daily becoming better known, and is recognized as the common sense method of treating this disease. 50 cents per bottle.

OSWI
CATARRH
REMEDY.

John Stackhouse & Co.
524 Arch St.
PHILADELPHIA.
Sold by H. C. HOBERMAN & CO., Marion, O.

Young Mothers!
We Offer You a Remedy which Insures Safety to Life of Mother and Child.
"MOTHER'S FRIEND"
Robs Confinement of its Pain, Horror and Risk.

After using one bottle of "Mother's Friend" I suffered but little pain, and did not experience that weakness afterward usual in such cases.—Mrs. ANNIE GAGE, Lamar, Mo., Jan. 15th, 1891.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle. Book to Mothers mailed free.
BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,
ATLANTA, GA.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Sold at FLOCKEN'S Drug Store.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment.

A certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Old Chronic Sores, Fever Sores, Eczema, Itch, Prairie Scratches, Sore Nipples and Piles. It is cooling and soothing. Hundreds of cases have been cured by it after all other treatment had failed. It is put up in 25 and 50 cent boxes.
Sold at Flocken's drug store.

Wood's Phosphodine.
THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.
Used for 35 years by thousands successfully. Guaranteed to cure all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all the effects of Youthful folly and the excesses of later years. Gives immediate strength and vigor. Ask druggists for Wood's Phosphodine; take no substitute. One package, $1; six, $5, by mail. Write for pamphlet. Address The Wood Chemical Co., 131 Woodward Ave., Detroit, Mich.
Before and After. Photo from Life.
Sold in Marion, O., by H. C. Hoberman & Co., druggists.

VAUGHAN & ALLEN,

PLUMBERS,

—ALL MANNER OF—

Plain and Sanitary Plumbing,

Gas and Steam Fitting!

PRICES LOW AND WORK WARRANTED.

25 NORTH MAIN STREET, - - - MARION, OHIO.

STOVEWOOD!

Best second growth dry ash stovewood delivered, Cheap at

PRENDERGASTS.

WE ARE SHOWING A COMPLETE LINE OF

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With a general line of Office Stationery, at

C. G. WIANT'S.

FOR RENT—April 1st, two fine rooms fronting on Main street above People's store, and several rooms in new Memorial block fronting on Center and East streets. Inquire at People's store. 101tf

FOR RENT—House of seven rooms, newly papered with all conveniences. Situated on south East street. Inquire of Mrs. E. S. Bell, 292 south East street. 70tf

FOR RENT—A dwelling house on Grand avenue. Price $6 per month. Inquire of J. H. Thomas, at C. Able Buggy Co.'s. 111-tf

FOR RENT—The rooms over H. Ackerman's music store; all nicely arranged, water up stairs, splendid location for office and residence. Call at Ackerman's store. 109-tf

FOR RENT—One four room house at $9, and five room house at $11, at 135 and 137 south East street. G. S. McGuire, Agt. 113tf Office over Marion Co. Bank

FOR RENT—House of seven rooms on Silver street. Barn, large orchard, well, cistern and all other conveniences. Inquire of Mrs. Mary Ruther, 260 Mt. Vernon avenue. 124 6

FOR RENT—House, three lots, barn, buggy shed, good well and cistern, plenty fruit of all kinds. Inquire of T. Brennan or E. D. Burke. 121 3

FOR RENT—Suit of three bright, pleasant rooms, fronting on East street, now occupied by Mrs. Van; also two single rooms, all in Fite block. Inquire of L. Fite. 224-6

FOR RENT—Pasture for two horses or cows, also large barn. Inquire of Mrs. Wm. Woodcock. 122-6

FOR RENT or SALE—House and lot on west Center street, opposite Marion Mfg Co. Apply to George McLean.

FOR SALE or RENT—House of 5 rooms on east South street, just east of the Clark Dix property.
12t5 S. E. DeWolfe.

Cunningham, the plumber.

See H. N. Love for fire insurance.

Stolzenbach & Co.'s bread is fine. Try it. For sale by Stull Bros. 110tf

Flowering plants from Blake's garden always on sale at L. E. Rupp's, next to postoffice. 68-m.w.stf.

Mr. and Mrs. James Hessong, of Chillicothe, O., are guests of T. J. McMurray, on east South street.

Any one wishing to buy a lot very low and very easy payments, will do well by seeing Geo. W. Pence. 123t3.

There will be no services in the Episcopal church this evening on account of the continued illness of Rev. Donehoo.

The funeral of Mrs. James Ullom, who committed suicide at Claridon Monday night, occurred this afternoon at 1 o'clock.

Book-keeping, shorthand, penmanship, typewriting and music, thoroughly taught at the Lime City Business College, corner Center and West streets. 12lt4

Probably the greatest sensational play ever seen in this city will be W. J. Florence's romantic Irish comedy-drama, Inshavogue, or the Bould Boys of '98. Will be at Music Hall, Thursday evening, April 23.

G. C. Clement has disposed of his confectionery stock to John Davis, who will conduct the business at the Campbell block stand. Mr. Clement was at Columbus today, to purchase a stock for his new room in the Behner block.

Don't forget to get your seats at Tristram & Young's early tomorrow morning as there is bound to be a big rush for them, a great many have been sold by the ladies of the Cooper Corps W. R. C. in whose aid the production of Pinafore will be given. The sale will commence at 8 a. m. precisely.

Mrs. C. G. Stone Dead.

The sad announcement was made at 10 o'clock this forenoon of the death of Mrs. Stone, wife of C. G. Stone, the grocer, which had occurred a few minutes before. The death was not unexpected, the friends of deceased lady knowing of her sufferings for some time with that most dreadful of diseases, consumption.

Mrs. Stone had a large circle of friends, who regret her death. She was between 50 and 55 years of age. The funeral arrangements have not been announced as yet.

Fresh bread daily at Stull Bros'.

The Hocking Valley on April 20, 21 and 22 will sell tickets from Marion to Cincinnati and return for the Republican League Club, at the rate of one fare for the round trip for parties of or more, going on one solid ticket. For less than ten one and one-third fare for the round trip. Good returning until April 24th.

SCIENTIFIC WAIFS.

An Italian physiologist of repute named Mosso has demonstrated by experiment that thinking causes a rush of blood to the brain, which varies with the nature of the thought.

The United States has now become the greatest iron producing nation in the world, having produced 9,202,703 gross tons in 1890, against 8,000,000 produced in Great Britain.

The Eiffel tower is to be utilized in obtaining a very high pressure by means of a tube running from top to bottom and filled with mercury. It will give a pressure at the bottom of some 400 atmospheres.

It is proposed doing away with the old system of lightning rod protection and replacing the rods with narrow ribbons of copper, which will use up the energy of the lightning and save the building from destruction.

German engineers are said to be adopting a new line for bearings, composed of compressed vegetable parchment. When lubricated with an emulsion of mineral oil and water the parchment becomes impregnated with the oil and will last for a considerable time.

Dangerous Lending.

An American who is in London for several months every year returned from one trip with a handsome umbrella, on the silver knob of which was engraved a complicated monogram—the gentleman's initials were H. A. B. One day a friend took up the umbrella, and after squinting at the knob for several minutes said: "This is rather a queer monogram on your umbrella. Mr. ——. I can see the A and B all right, but for the life of me I can't find the H." "Why," responded the owner quickly, "I lent the umbrella to an Englishman just before I left London, and I presume he dropped the H!"—San Francisco Argonaut.

Bad Form.

This Oxford university expression is by many considered slang which it is "bad form" to use. But is it not really an old and somewhat classical phrase? Thus Archbishop Laud wrote to the vice chancellor at Oxford under date Feb. 20, 1838-9: "Sir—I am informed that the masters, many of them, sit bare at St. Marie's, having their hats there and not their caps, rather choosing to sit bare than to keep form, and then so soon as they come out of the church they are quite out of form all along the streets," etc.—Notes and Queries.

MIMNERMUS IN CHURCH.

You promise heavens free from strife,
  Pure truth and perfect change of will;
But sweet, sweet is this human life,
  So sweet I fain would breathe it still.
Your chilly stars I can forego,
This warm kind world is all I know.

You say there is no substance here,
  One great reality above.
Back from that void I shrink in fear,
  And childlike hide myself in love.
Show me what angels feel. Till then
I cling, a mere weak man, to men.

You bid me lift my mean desires
  From faltering lips and fitful veins
To sexless souls, ideal quires,
  Unwearied voices, wordless strains.
My mind with fonder welcome owns
One dear dead friend's remembered tones.

Forsooth the present we must give
  To that which cannot pass away.
All beauteous things for which we live
  By laws of time and space decay:
But oh, the very reason why
I clasp them is because they die.

—William Cory.

Always the Way.

She can speak the modern languages
  With fluency and vim;
She can give you Greek and Latin too,
  Until your head will swim.
She can repeat what Homer wrote
  About the Trojan strife.
    But
She can't remember what is trump
  To save her little life.

—Washington Post.

Biblical Discoveries of Great Interest.

A lecture of the greatest interest, not only to orientalists, but likewise to all interested in Biblical research, has just been delivered at the Verein Niederwald at Vienna by that most distinguished orientalist and linguistic scholar, the Rev. William Hechler, captain to the British embassy.

Ever since his student days he has been seeking for the key to harmonize the dates of the kings of Judah and Israel given in the Bible, and the dates of the kings of Babylon, Assyria, Egypt and Persia. As he observed in the course of his lecture: "Whoever has carefully studied the histories of the ancient empires must be struck with the wonderfully truthlike appearance of the chronological and syncronistic data. No historian has ever ventured to give such a large number of dates as the Bible, which are made to synchronize with the dates of kings of other nations, thereby enabling accurate control. Thus the kings of Judah are made to synchronize with the kings of Israel, and many of Babylon, Assyria, Egypt and Persia."

At the last orientalists' congress in Vienna the learned gentleman presented the first part of his researches, extending over twenty years. No doubt his charts, when published, will startle many a professor of theology all over the world—at least such as have taught their pupils that it was impossible to put in order and harmonize these confused dates.

Mr. Hechler proves that they do harmonize, and that in a most wonderful manner, but the key had to be sought and found. He does not profess to have untied the Gordian knot and to have disposed of every difficulty, but the remarkably clear and ingenious way in which he puts an end to Biblical discrepancies is convincing and conclusive. The charts are so simple and comprehensible that a child may read them.—Vienna Cor. London Telegraph.

An Oregon Breathing Well.

The well is one and a quarter miles east of Stanwood, on the high land, nearly 150 feet above sea level. Its owner, O. W. Coltom, began digging it last June, but abandoned it various times because of gas or firedamp. He succeeded in reaching an abundance of good water at a depth of ninety feet from the surface last October, having passed through successive layers of clay, sand and some kind of stratified rock. About eighty feet below the surface he found a sprinkling of anthracite coal, and still farther down large quantities of loose specimens of volcanic stones of several kinds, many of which have the appearance of having been melted and run together.

About the close of October Mr. Coltom noticed that the well was blowing out a kind of gas with considerable force, and at irregular periods of time, varying from five days to sixteen hours' duration. It would reverse the operations and begin to draw in the air with equal force, the inhalations lasting about as long a time as the exhalations. Shortly after the gas disappeared, but the respiration of air continued with increasing force, until at the present time it has sufficient force to drive a large windmill. Not long since Mr. Coltom went down into the well and discovered that the air was being drawn in and blown out at a point fifteen feet from the bottom of the well. It is supposed that there must be a large cavern at a distance from the well, and the air comes through a small passage leading from the cavern to the well. No cavern or passage has yet been found, as the well is walled up, and the air comes through the rocks in the well.—Utsalady (Ore.) News.

Bogus Cream.

A lady who resides in the west end relates today the strange confession of a milkman. For some time past she had suspected that the cream left at her house was diluted. Although it had plenty of foam on top it did not seem to be equal in quality to good milk. She determined to interrogate the milkman, and so she watched for him. When he came she informed him of her suspicion. At first he insisted that the cream was as good as any sold, but when she persisted in her statement that she had drank country milk that was far better he weakened and said:

"Can you keep a secret, mum? Well, to tell you the truth, mum, the cream you got is not cream at all. The foam that is on top is made from the white of eggs, and is put there to make you believe you are getting the genuine article. But you are right in suspecting that you ain't, mum. It's nothing but a delusion—and maybe you might say a shame too. But I don't know. Most people never find out the difference, and as long as they don't know as how they are being fooled, why, what's the odds?"—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Analagous.

"Uncle George," said Mattie, "papa says you were a private in the army. Is that something very grand?"

"No, Mattie, not exactly grand," answered Uncle George, with beaming modesty; "not grand, but a post of great responsibility. Mr. Halford is private secretary to President Harrison, and you know that is a position of distinction. Well, I was a private in the army. Do you see, my dear?"—Boston Transcript.

A Young Sailor.

The whaling schooner William A. Grozier, of Provincetown, carries one of the youngest sailors afloat—the captain's son, aged thirteen years, who is now making his seventh voyage whaling. He goes as assistant mate and navigator. He is regarded as a mascot both by owners and crew, as good luck has followed every trip.—Boston Transcript.

Enoch Is Out.

Wisconsin is to have a law which provides that when a husband disappears and is not heard of for three years by his wife she is divorced without further notice. The Enoch Arden business in that state will thus receive a bad black eye, and the man who goes out to feed the hogs will be quite apt to return.—Detroit Free Press.

The Bible in Our Schools.

Men ask, Shall we teach the Bible in weekday school? Why not lay the stress on teaching religion, with or without the Bible? Religion will still be in its eternal youth when the Bible has fulfilled its mighty office and passed away from that heaven where there is no temple. Religion is not a knowledge of certain things; it is a state of the heart in which all knowledge should be received and used. How can any good teacher help but teach religion? It is coextensvie with the universe. It is not mere ecclesiastical or academical tenets; it is not any part of life; it is only the whole science and art of life animated and inspired by a universally pervasive and perfect philosophy, the very alphabet of all correct teaching—an alphabet whose Alpha and Omega are unselfishness.

But unselfishness is not self annihilation, nor any effort after it. It is but the subordination of self to its place in the universal harmony. Its result is—what its motives must never be or the result fails—an immeasurably greater and better aggrandizement of self than any self seeking can possibly attain. True teaching, then, whether in the Bible or not, can be only that sort which moves the student to ask of every offered acquisition, not How can this serve self? but What self equipment will this add for that blessed service of the universal harmony, which by its nature tends to make the whole universe myself, and saves me from the folly and ruin of trying to make self my universe?—George W. Cable in Ladies' Home Journal.

A Strange Vault.

A strange discovery was made at San Francisco the other day by the workmen engaged in tearing down the old landmark at the northwest corner of Montgomery and Commercial streets. While removing the marble slabs which covered the floor, a stairway was discovered which led down to a vault under the building, the existence of which was unknown. The vault extends the entire length and breadth of the superstructure. It is built of bricks placed lengthways, which were separated by pieces of slate, the whole being firmly cemented into a solid mass. The roof was arched and constructed in the same manner. At one end of the vault was an apartment, built in an unusually solid manner, to which an entrance was effected by a door of iron a quarter of an inch thick and riveted with bolts.

A pioneer furnished the information that the building, or at least the first story, was erected in 1851, for the occupation of August Belmont & Co's' banking house. The conflagration of 1849 had swept every structure in the vicinity out of existence, and when the building was erected it was determined to make it fireproof. The basement was where gold bullion and coin were stored, and it was built to resist burglars and defy fire. Even among the then residents of the city the existence of the vault was not generally known, and the method of reaching it was a secret confined only to the bank's employes and to the workmen who constructed it.—San Francisco Letter.

The Idea of Welding Wheels to the Track.

An invention is now undergoing investigation which promises the improvement of railway traffic. The invention consists of a small dynamo and an auxiliary engine placed upon the locomotive in such a way as to be easily operated, furnishing a current of small force but large quantity, which is made to pass from one pole of the dynamo to one pair of driving wheels, thence along the rail to the other pair of driving wheels, thence to the other pole of the dynamo, thus forming a traveling circuit, moving at all times with the locomotive.

By means of this current an incipient weld is caused between the wheels and rails at the point of contact, preventing the slipping of the wheels. The working model of the device shows an increase of 400 per cent. in the hauling power of the locomotive. The model without the application of the current would not mount a grade of 15 per cent., but when the current was applied it mounted a grade of 35 per cent. A locomotive is now being equipped with the invention to test it on the Baltimore and Ohio railway.—Exchange.

An Important Decision.

The supreme court of Rhode Island has just set aside a will probated fifty years ago. The late Joseph Greene, a stanch Quaker, was greatly disturbed during his latter years by members of his family marrying without the pale of the society, and attempted by his will to bestow his estate for the benefit of those present whom he considered orthodox Friends, or Wilberites, as distinguished from other branches of the society. The will was uncontested until about two years ago.

The property involved comprises about 120 acres in the center of Jamestown, on the island of Conanicut. The petitioner contended that the application of the estate rested upon the trustees determining the true and actual religious belief of the beneficiaries. While it is possible to ascertain one's religious profession, the petitioners claimed that it is not within human power to ascertain belief. The court declared the bequest void.—Exchange.

An ingenious Frenchman has discovered a process of recovering the tin contained in the wash waters of silk which have been weighted, and he has accordingly received from the French Society for the Encouragement of National Industry the prize allotted for the utilization of residual substances. It is estimated that Lyons alone will effect an annual economy of $60,000.

William Sprowles, of Charlotte, N. C., who applied for a federal pension in 1881, received word recently that it had been granted. It will be of no use to him, as he died the next day after the news came to him.

The legislature of Washington proposes to change the name of Mount Rainier, one of the tallest peaks in the state, to M[illegible] [illegible]oterman, in honor of the dead general.

Effects of African Arrow Poison.

It has been conjectured that the fatal effects of African arrow poison are not always due entirely to the poison itself, and with a view of determining how far fear and other influences enter into the results of its exhibition a series of experiments in inoculating the lower animals has been proposed. One of the poisons with which the arrows of the Africans are smeared is a dark substance like pitch. It is strong enough to kill elephants, and is considered so dangerous that its preparation is not allowed in the villages, but is carried on in the bush, where also the arrows are smeared. The virulence of the poison is remarkable: faintness, palpitation of the heart, nausea, pallor and the breaking out of beads of perspiration all over the body follow with extraordinary promptness, and death ensues.

One of Stanley's men is said to have died within one minute from a mere pinhole puncture in the right arm and right breast; another man died within an hour and a quarter after being shot; and a woman died during the time she was carried a distance of a hundred paces. The activity of the poison seems to depend on its freshness. The treatment adopted was to administer an emetic, to suck the wound, syringe it, and inject a strong solution of carbonate of ammonia. The carbonate of ammonia injection seems to have been a wonderful antidote if it could be administered promptly enough.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Anxious to Nurse.

Dr. Scott Todd had been called in to attend Mrs. Keely, who was ill with pneumonia.

One morning while he was attending her an Irish woman came to the door.

"Ez this where Missus Kaaly lives?" she inquired.

The servant told her it was.

"I hear she ez sick."

"Yes," said the servant.

"Well, me good girrul, shure d' ye go an' tell Missus Kaaly Oi kem to get a job av narsint her."

The servant told her that they had a nurse already and didn't need another.

"En' what's it that's th' matter wid Missus Kaaly, did ye say?"

"Pneumonia."

"Ye don't tell me now!" An' who ez the dockter, to be shore!"

"Dr. Todd."

"Ez that so now? Oi'm jest the woman ye want thin. Goo oop en tell Missus Kaaly Oi've joost after narsin' one av Dockther Todd's pashuntz ez died av that same dissaze."—Atlanta Constitution.

One Man Pleased.

"You shouldn't run down your new house so. I heard a man talking about it today, and he simply raved about it—said it was magnificent."

"Who was he?"

"Barrows."

"Oh, yes. He was my architect."—New York Sun.

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, head aches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

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New York Stocks, Chicago Grain and Oil

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Special - Wire - Service!

ENDOWMENT

THAT ENDOWS ON THE LIFE-RATE

Endowment Plan of the Union Central Life Insurance Co.

Kenton, Ohio, Jan. 19th, 1891.

J. E. Heffelfinger, Gen'l Agent
Union Central Life Insurance Co.,
Springfield, Ohio:

Dear Sir:—Allow me to tender to you, and the officers of your Company, my thanks for $2,501.66 received through C. N. Belle, of Lima, and Geo. H. Palmer, of Kenton, Ohio, Agents.

In 1878 at the age of 43, I applied for a $2,500 policy on the 10 annual payment life-rate endowment plan in your Company, annual premium $159.60. At the same time I surrendered an ordinary life policy, and received a credit of $418, which was applied on the surplus deposit of the new policy. It has proven to be a very satisfactory investment, a good savings bank, with good protection; notwithstanding many of your competitors have represented to me that it would never pay out, and tried to discourage me on the plan selected. I have now received more than the face value of the policy and am well satisfied. I further wish to testify to kind, courteous treatment by the Company and its agents during the whole term of years. I can conscientiously recommend the Company as a good, reliable home institution, worthy of unlimited trust and confidence.

I also suggest to my friends and those who are thinking of insuring their lives to consider well the advantages offered by a home company in the way of paying premiums, which extend into an unknown future, and insure where they can get favors that will bridge them over possible adversities or misfortune without the loss of their insurance.

Yours Truly,
J. L. Clark.

Seeing the strong hold that this Company has upon the people, which has enabled it to distance most of its competitors in the race for business, persistent attempts have been made to weaken confidence in the estimates made by the Company, indicating the time of maturity, of life-rate endowment policy. This objection has now lost its force, and the old croakers are again silenced, for time has demonstrated that the life-rate endowment policies do mature, and are paid in cash in less than the estimated time.

There being a credit of $418, on account of surrendering another policy, is what caused the maturity of this policy in a little over 12 years, but had there been no credit it would have matured inside of the estimated time, which is about 16 or 17 years.

Some will say "What is the life-rate endowment plan?" It is simply this, viz: You pay in a given amount each year for a given number of years, leaving your dividends with the Co. and as soon as your payments, together with their accumulations or dividends, equal the face of the policy, then it is paid to you as an endowment.

It is one of the best policies ever issued, but if a person does not like that form of policy, the "Union Central" issues any other kind you may desire.

Acknowledgments.

Cleveland, O., January 31, '91.

Union Central Life Insurance Co.,
Cincinnati, O.:

Gentlemen:—I am in receipt of draft for $5000, in payment of policy No. 47012 on the life of my late husband, A. D. Baith. I observe the check bears one day after completion of proofs of death, for which promptness accept my sincere thanks.

How fortunate for me that my husband had the policy in this unexcelled company, under which contract he had the privilege of giving a note for his premium, which, owing to sickness in our family he was unable to pay in cash. Had the same privilege been extended to him during the past year, by an "Eastern company," in which he held a policy, I should today be entitled to a check for another $5000.

This one valuable feature of the Union Central Life Insurance Co.'s policy is inestimable, as a person never knows what accommodation he may want.

Resp. Yours, Agnes E. Baith.

Calidonia, Ohio, Feb. 13, 1891

J. E. Heffelfinger,
Springfield, O.:

Dear Sir:—I wish to thank you, and through you the officers of the "Union Central Life Insurance Co." for the receipt of draft for $1000, the amount of policy, which my husband held in your company, paid this day by your agents, Smith & Carson, of Marion, Ohio.

The policy called for payment within 60 days after proofs of death were received by the company, but the Doctor's certificate was dated Feb. 5, and the draft Feb. 11, just six days after proofs were sent from here.

It was a great source of comfort to my husband, during his sickness, to know he had even a small policy, for he realized that while it would not take his place in the family, yet it would help pay debts, doctor bills, etc., or in other words, help to provide for the family left.

Wishing you still greater success, I am most gratefully yours,

Ida L. Weber.

For particulars, inquire of

SMITH & CARSON,

General Agents Union Central Life.

Marion, Ohio.

Local Time Card.

Quick Time! AND THE LOWEST RATES!

ERIE

N. Y., P. AND O. DIVISION.

CITY DEPOT.

[In effect Nov. 16th, 1890.]

WEST.		EAST.	
No. 1	9:10 am	No. 12	4:25 am
No. 37	9:50 am	No. 4	11:50 am
No. 5	12:25 pm	No. 38	2:40 pm
No. 3	10:40 pm	No. 8	11:40 pm
		No. 22	8:50 pm

C. AND E. DIVISION.

MARION JUNCTION DEPOT.

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
No. 1	9:35 am	No. 8	11:25 pm
No. 5	12:45 pm	No. 2	6 [illegible] pm
No. 3	11:20 pm	No. 12	4:55 am
No. 33	6:15 am	No. 30	6.10 am

Nos. 2, 30 and 33 have no Erie connection.

BIG FOUR.

(In effect on and after Nov. 23, 1890.)

WEST.		EAST.	
No. 3	10 42 a. m.	No. 10	5 41 a. m.
No. 7	5.50 p. m.	No. 2	5:[illegible] p. m.
No. 9	12.10 a. m.	No. 18	9:52 p. m.
No. 17	5.55 a. m.	No. 8	3 25 a. m.
No. 81, local	7.50 a. m.	No. 80, local	2:30 p. m.
No. 84, *M. Ac	8:30 a. m.	No. 82, *M. Ac	6:00 p. m.

*Marion accommodation, runs no farther west than this city.

C., H. V. AND P.

NORTH.		SOUTH.	
No. 21	8 30 am	No. 30	5 40 am
No. 33	11 35 am	No. 32	9 20 am
No. 35	5 21 pm	No. 34	1 14 pm
		No. 36	8 43 pm

All trains run Sunday but 34 and 33. Trains 30 and 27 run only between Marion and Columbus.

FREELAND'

WALL PAPER STORE

Beats them all 25 per cent!

He keeps the Finest Goods!

The Cheapest Goods!

The Largest Stock!

And has control of Birges' goods. These new, stylish goods are made to match and are 25 per cent. cheaper than old goods, 25 per cent. cheaper than the old goods which are being peddled around town.

If you want Wall Paper and Shades and Frames, go to FREELAND'S Wall Paper store, the most Complete and Elegant line of Wall Paper in Marion. Remnants for a trifle. Contracts taken: So much for Wall Paper put on the wall, or so much a room.

Five Doors East of Court House, Marion, Ohio.

IF YOU WANT

Blue Grass,

Timothy or

Clover Seed!

PORTLAND or LOUISVILLE

CEMENT!

ROCK or FINE

SALT

KNICKERBOCKER PLASTER,

—OR—

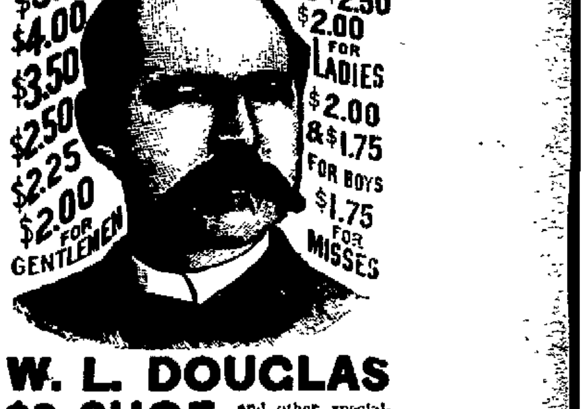
Hard or Soft Coal

—AT—

Bottom Prices

—GO TO—

S. E. D'WOLFE.



W. L. DOUGLAS

$3 SHOE and other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, etc., are warranted, and so stamped on bottom. Address W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

J. E. RHOADS.

JUDICIOUS

ADVERTISING

PAYS

FARLEY & DAVIDSON, PHOTOGRAPHERS

First-class work at Lowest possible prices.

122½ South Main Street, East Side.

Competent and Careful Compositors do the Composition on our JOB WORK

NewspaperARCHIVE® NewspaperARCHIVE®

A CLEAN STORE,
A CLEAN STOCK,
EVERYTHING CLEAN!

HAVE you seen that nobby spring suit called Electric Blue. If not come in and we will show it to you. It is by far one of the prettiest suits that has been out for a number of years. Black Cheviot is just as stylish as ever, and we have them in Sack, Cutaway and Square Cut Coats at all prices. If you want a nice light suit why we have at least fifty different styles, ranging in price from $8 to $15, with many styles in cheaper ones. Have you seen those nice checked pants at $2; they are guaranteed all-wool and fast colors. Let us sell you a hat, we have all the latest styles and shapes at prices to please you. You will soon begin hankering after a Straw Hat. Well, we can say for a starter that we received 16 cases this week. All of you know that everything is marked in plain figures and that is strictly the price.

SAM OPPENHEIMER,
BENNETT BUILDING.

One of the Attractions

At D. Yake's store is the uniform low prices on all goods sold. The best standard goods always found in every department. Elegant Hartford, Lowell, Rend and Riverdale extra super carpets. The patterns are new and beautiful. Just received an entire new design in Austrian Lace Curtains. The style is simply immense. The price is low. We have the exclusive sale in Marion.

Special low prices in towels and table linens at

D. YAKE'S.

COAL! AT LOW PRICES
—AT—
L. B. GURLEY'S.
OFFICE, NORTH OF JAIL.
TELEPHONE, NO. 67.

GET THE BEST
Hard or Soft
COAL
Linsley & Lawrence
West Street, Between Railroads

ADVERTISE IN THE STAR,
THE MOST WIDELY
READ PAPER IN COUNTY.

Only Twenty-five Cents a Set.

We have purchased a large bankrupt sale of double plated tea and table spoons, fine patterns (regular price $1.25), which we will sell off at 25¢ a set. Call and see them, best bargains ever offered.

1f9w,sat,wk. ROWOSER & WREN.

The Scioto Water Co.

Water rents now due are payable at the Company's office, room 6, Masonic block.

Office hours until April 20, 8 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m.; evenings, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

112eod10t] H. C. STILLWELL, Supt.

SHAWLS!

D. A. FRANK & CO.'S
—UNPARALLELED—
SHAWL OPENING.

EVERY DAY this week is a Shawl opening with us. We have on approval as fine and varied a line of Shawls as is shown in any city. More than 200 different styles will be offered this week. It is the shawl opportunity of the year. They range in price from

$1.25 TO $33.00!

And embrace everything imaginable and desirable in the shawl line. Unusually fine line of Black Cashmere Shawls. Remember, this week only for the mammoth display and extremely low prices. See them this week

LANSDOWNES.

THE right thing is Lansdowne—at the top of the textile peerage. The long line of colors are all GENUINE Lansdowne under the protection of the honest trade-mark of the local maker. So like Gloriosa, the threads of silk and of wool seem almost identical—the weights are similar, but the appearance and the uses quite distinct. You'd hardly wear Lansdowne for traveling or Gloriosa for full dress—but you could reverse them with propriety. The only stock of genuine Lansdowne is here. $1.25.

D. A. FRANK & CO.
White Front, Masonic Block

The furniture for the new K. P. hall has arrived.

H. H. Cunningham shipped a fine horse to Pittsburg Tuesday.

Mrs. Matilda Kirth left Tuesday for Piketown, Minn., via the Big Four.

Bollie Shute is working days at the Big Four, during the sickness of John Walsh.

Geo. O'Donnell's little child is quite sick, but was thought to be some better this morning.

Mrs. Markert left this morning for Cleveland, where she will attend the funeral of one of her friends.

The special scenery car of Shenandoah passed through here on Erie train 1 this morning, bound for the West.

I. I. Jacobs and A. L. Bond came up from Prospect today. Mr. Bond will remain here, having secured employment.

Miss Gertrude Kirkpatrick, of the central building is still quite sick with la grippe, the disease having attacked her lungs.

There is a rumored change of time to take place on the Erie about the 1st of May, but just what the changes will be is not known.

J. W. Stull is moving here from Morrow county. He is a son of Rev. J. Stull and expects to make this his future home.

Mrs. John H. Snider has returned from Columbus, where she has been for the last week, visiting among relatives and friends.

Frank Paddock is off duty at the American express office, and is visiting at Cleveland. Will Cope is driving the wagon during his absence.

The last meeting of the old council will be held Thursday evening, when it gives way to the new members. The meeting will be held at City Hall.

J. G. Beard, general passenger agent of the Queen and Crescent railroad, was in the city Tuesday making an effort to secure a Portland party of nine people.

A new ticket case has been placed in the C. H. V. and T. office here. The case is one of Blades' patents and they are being placed in all the offices of the road.

Mrs. A. G. Crouse was taken very sick on Friday with the second attack of la grippe, but is improving slowly. Mrs. Crouse was just recovering from a two weeks' illness.

Mrs. Caroline Campbell has returned to Marion after five weeks' absence. She had been called to LaRue on account of sickness in the family of her son, C. C. Campbell.

Will Harberson has resigned his position as night operator at the C. H. V. and T. here and will accept a position with some other road. E. S. Plummer, who has been working extra will begin work here tonight.

H. L. Snyder is having the room occupied by the Western Union Telegraph Co. here repapered and otherwise improved. Mr. Snyder takes great pride in keeping the company's office here as neat as any in the state.

Upper Sandusky Chief: J. B. Layton, one of our prominent young men, has purchased a general store at Marion and will move there this week. [illegible] possesses excellent business [illegible], and we wish him success.

A merry party of over twenty, mostly young [illegible] assembled at the home of Mrs. C. W. [illegible], on east Center street, Tuesday evening, in honor of Mrs. [illegible] guest, Miss Alma Drake, [illegible]. The hours seemed to [illegible] very rapidly amid sweet [illegible] both instrumental and [illegible] games of various kinds were [illegible] "social gossip" [illegible] the notable features [illegible] was served, and, as a [illegible] course, all were in it. [illegible] was very much of a surprise upon Miss Drake, and all in all, was an evening to be remembered.

Weather Indications.

Fair weather; westerly winds; lower temperature.

SEASONABLE
Wash-Fabrics.

THE newest cloth from Europe in the fabrics that can be laundried is the MOUSSELINE DE L'INDE, soft as silk and in colorings that are perfectly fast. The patterns are equal to the finest China Silks. We are showing a full line of these beautiful goods from the small figures on black grounds to the æsthetic figures on the tinted cloths. Our stock of Wash Fabrics is large and surpassingly beautiful. New designs in

NONPAREIL CHALLIES. SCOTCH ZEPHYRS. AMERICN ZEPHYRS.
PINE APPLE TISSUES. CANTON CLOTHS. SATEENS.
TOILE DU NORDS. FLANNELETTES.

WARNER & EDWARDS.

PRINTERS BILLS

Furnish a Topic for the City Council to Discuss—Other Business of the Adjourned Session.

Besides the mayor and clerk Councilmen Leffler, Kling, Roberts, Blake, Salter, Isleib and Porch were present at the adjourned session of the city council Tuesday evening. There was not a great deal of business before the body, the tabulation of the sewer bids not being made so as to get at the work of awarding a contract. Councilmen-elect Vaughan, Lust and Malloy were present at the meeting to see how it was done.

After the routine work the street and alley committee reported an ordinance for the purpose of assessing costs of opening up and extending George street, the costs to be assessed on abutting property. The ordinance was properly read and adopted.

The real "musical feature" of the session was reached when the committee on accounts reported the printers' bills which had been laid over from the last meeting. The bills were for the publication of the Mayor's proclamation and the clerk's annual exhibit, a detailed statement. The proclamation had been published in the four papers of the city, while the exhibit was in three, and the bills aggregated considerable. Porch moved, in order to bring the matter up for discussion, that an order be drawn upon the treasurer for the amount of the bills. Kling at once undertook to expound the law and made useless observations on the subject, the practical members having their minds made up previously. No one else seemed to have anything to say and the vote was finally taken on the question of payment, and was unanimously against it. Then the mayor and clerk were requested to name one paper in which the proclamation and statement were published. The Mirror was accordingly given the amount for publication of the statement and the Independent that due for publication of the ordinance. Kling then made another unnecessary speech, and council consoled itself with the thought of having established a record for economy.

The matter of purchasing the small building erected at City Hall by the M. E. church, was reported upon by Chairman Roberts of the building committee, who recommended the offer of $15. The report was accepted.

The sewer committee made its final report upon the outfall sewer, which was accepted.

Council adjourned until 9:30 a. m. today, to consider letting the sewer contract.

THE CONTRACT LET

Walker & Walker, of Cincinnati, to Construct Sewer District No. 1.

The city council met this forenoon and awarded the contract for the construction of the sewer in district No. 1. Consulting Engineer Hill was present, and presented the bids received in tabulated form. Out of the eleven received three were informal and could not have been considered. The formal bids were as follows, in totals

Walker & Walker, Cincinnati, O., $20,113.07; Irwin & Mayer, Greenville, O., $23,811.10; Merrill & Reinhard, Cincinnati, O., $23,114.84; Fred Grach, Columbus, O., $27,082.54; Palmer & Babbitt, Cincinnati, O., $25,108.33; Patrick Murray, Pittsburg, Pa., $34,102.84; W. H. Louthen & Co., Pittsburgh, O., $21,004.82; Beughen Engineering Co., Hamilton, O., $35,570.21.

On motion of Leffler the bid of Walker & Walker was accepted. The bond is will be fixed at $2,000, and the time given for the completion of the work is November 1st, 1891, with liquidated damages at the rate of $15 per day for the time required to complete the work beyond this date. Construction will begin about the 1st of May.

A wheel of engine No. [illegible] broke here, in the C. H. V. and T. yards, Tuesday night. The break occurred at [illegible] and the engine and train were delayed [illegible] several hours this forenoon. The train was running at full speed at the time of the accident but no one was hurt.

Henry Mansfield, Mrs. Geo. Krause and daughter [illegible] of J. W. Osman [illegible] the family of H. A. Sharp, [illegible] West street, Mrs. Theo. [illegible] Mrs. W. Gardner, [illegible] are all sick with la grippe, under Dr. [illegible]'s care.

John Weiland was at Mt. Gilead today on business.

ANNUAL MEETING

Of the Marion Cemetery Association—Report of Secretary and Treasurer.

The annual meeting of the Marion Cemetery Association occurred Monday evening, at which took place the annual election of officers as follows: J. J. Williams, president; J. H. [illegible], vice president; J. J. Hane, secretary and treasurer; P. O. Sharpless, A. H. [illegible] and Geo. Crawford, trustees.

It was resolved at the meeting to build a new residence on the grounds during this season, according to the plans and specifications now on file. The plans were furnished by E. Terrell & Co., the Columbus architects. Among the other improvements in contemplation is a [illegible] road west of the east hill.

The annual report of the secretary and treasurer and the trustees was made, an abstract of which is given as follows for the year beginning April 1, 1890, and ending April 1, 1891.

RECEIPTS.

Vault [illegible]	[illegible]
Grave [illegible]	[illegible]
Lots sold	1,115 11
Interest collected	773 56
Single graves	[illegible]
Endowment of lots	470 00
Lot work	152 75
Trees [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Hay sold	[illegible]
Plants and flowers sold	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Sundry receipts	125 [illegible]
	$4,971 [illegible]

EXPENDITURES.

Expenses of [illegible]	[illegible]
Labor	[illegible]
J. Wilson, superintendent	[illegible]
Gen'l expenses	[illegible]
Tools [illegible]	[illegible]
Fountain	[illegible]
Green house and [illegible]	[illegible]
Expense [illegible]	[illegible]
	$[illegible] 37
Expenses over receipts	16 8[illegible]
Bills receivable and cash on hand	
April 1, 1891	12,855 [illegible]
Reserve fund	[illegible]
Lot endowment fund	[illegible]

The different funds are all embraced in the one sum of $13,855.[illegible] as bills receivable and cash on hand, and that amount is nearly all loaned and bearing interest at 8 per cent.

In addition to the lot sales given above there were lots sold to the amount of about $[illegible], which were not settled for in time for the annual meeting and there was about $[illegible] of interest not collected in time to come into the report. The extraordinary expenses were for green house and office $[illegible], repairing vault $711; for fountain $213; repairing and enlarging barn $250; tiling $[illegible], iron pipes $[illegible], hot-beds $50, besides various smaller jobs.

To the Public.

We are now ready to fill all orders for hard or soft coal.

We keep on hand baled hay and straw, and all kinds of grain and chop feed.

Fresh eggs a specialty.

Free delivery to any part of the city.

[illegible]

South rooms, Commercial Building. [illegible]

The [illegible] ball of the [illegible] Boiler Makers, to be held this evening, promises to be the grandest [illegible] event of the season. [illegible]

[illegible] Patsy Kelly, [illegible] Timothy Kelly [illegible]

Mrs. Della McKenzie & [illegible]
FASHIONABLE
Dress-Makers
Over Rapp's Hardware Store, South Main Street, Marion, O.
Prices Very Reasonable!

LOTS FOR SALE CHEAP
—IN—
EDEN PARK ADDITION!

The lots are just west of the Boulevard, south of Orchard Mound addition and east of the Wyman shops. Are within a few minutes' walk of all the shops in west end of the city and of the R. R. depots. The lots have excellent drainage and are never flooded. For a short time will sell cheaper than ever:

22 Lots at from $ 60 to $100;
51 " " " $100 " $125.
15 " " " $125 " $150.

By making a small cash payment can give time on balance. Abstract of title with each deed.

Call early and secure choice. Call at Law Office of

Stickle & Uncapher,
Over Hocken's Drug Store, Marion, O.

DO YOU?

Do you want a stylish, well-fitting Suit of Clothes?
Do you want it made and fitted at home?
Do you want the best cloth that the price affords and the best work that can be gotten?

Of Course You Do!

Then try an order for your clothes at the new Merchant Tailoring Establishment of

PAUL GETTUM,
171 Main Street, opposite Kerr House.

NEW MILLINERY!

We are now prepared to show a full line of Spring Millinery, Trimmed Hats, Trimmings, Etc., cheaper than any place in the city. Call and see that we mean what we say.

MRS. E. CASTNER,
With W. A. SELLERS & CO., Union Block, South Main street, dealers in

WALL PAPER,
WINDOW SHADES,
ROOM MOULDINGS.

City Maps framed to order. Our Wall Paper stock is entirely new, and our prices as low, if not lower, than any in the city.

W. A. Sellers & Co.

TRY IT!

Do you want a combined Insectside and Fertilizer? Of course. Your Lawns, Flower Beds, Trees, Shrubs, Vines and Gardens call for just such a thing. Call and get some of Sturtevant's

Granulted TOBACCO AND SULPHUR

On the Floor of the same. It is of wonderful value. A trial will convince you, and it is not expensive. Recommended by Ohio Agricultural Experiment Station.

FLOUR AND FEED OF ALL KINDS AND Poultry Supplies!
L. B. GURLEY.
EAST STREET, NORTH OF JAIL.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

In all the Novelties and Staples of the season are constantly being received by the Leading Merchant Tailors.

WILLIAMS & LEFFLER.

If you need a Suit of any description, a Pair of Pants, a Coat or a Vest at the Lowest Living Prices, give them a call.

A PERFECT FIT AND SATISFACTION GUARANTEED!

$5.50 FOR $5.00!!!

That's What the Purchaser of a Commutation Ticket Gets at the

ENGLISH KITCHEN

Regular Dinners 25c. Breakfast and Supper Served from Bill of Fare, equal to the best city service; you get and pay for just what you want! Parties taking meals up town should try this plan.

BEST CIGARS IN MARION!
STOCKED BAR IN CENTRAL OHIO!

B. HALL, Proprietor.

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